

Exercise 10.1.

Choose $\beta = \{P(f(a))\}$ and $\{P(a), P(b), Q(a), Q(b), P(f(a)), P(f(b)), Q(f(a)), Q(f(b))\}$
 $\setminus \{P(f(f(a))), Q(f(f(b)))\}$ $\leftarrow \beta$
 set of ground literals ~~such that~~

$(\epsilon, N; \emptyset; \emptyset, 0; \top)$

~~$\models \Gamma_1$~~

\Rightarrow Propagate *
~~SCL~~ $(\exists Q(a) \stackrel{Q(a)}{\cdot}, \neg Q(f(a)) \stackrel{\neg Q(f(x)) \vee \neg Q(a) \cdot \{x \mapsto a\}}{\cdot}, \neg P(a) \stackrel{Q(f(x)) \vee P(x) \cdot \{x \mapsto a\}}{\cdot}, P(b) \stackrel{P(a) \vee P(b)}{\cdot}, P(f(b)) \stackrel{\neg P(a) \vee P(f(x)) \cdot \{x \mapsto b\}}{\cdot})$

$N, \emptyset, 0, \top$

\Rightarrow Conflict ~~$\models \Gamma_1$~~ $(N, \emptyset, 0, \top, \neg P(x) \vee \neg P(f(x)) \vee Q(f(a)) \cdot \{x \mapsto b\})$

\Rightarrow Resolve, Skip ~~SCL~~ $(\dots, P(b) \stackrel{P(a) \vee P(b)}{\cdot}, N, \emptyset, 0, \neg P(x) \vee \neg P(x) \vee Q(f(a)) \cdot \{x \mapsto b\})$

\Rightarrow Factorize ~~SCL~~ $(\dots, P(b) \stackrel{P(a) \vee P(b)}{\cdot}, N, \emptyset, 0, \neg P(x) \vee Q(f(a)) \cdot \{x \mapsto b\})$

\Rightarrow Resolve, Skip ~~SCL~~ $(\dots, \neg P(a) \stackrel{Q(f(x)) \vee \neg P(x) \cdot \{x \mapsto a\}}{\cdot}, N, \emptyset, 0, P(a) \vee Q(f(a)))$

\Rightarrow Resolve, Skip ~~SCL~~ $(\dots, \neg Q(f(a)) \stackrel{\neg Q(f(x)) \vee \neg Q(x) \cdot \{x \mapsto a\}}{\cdot}, N, \emptyset, 0, P(a) \vee Q(f(a)))$

\Rightarrow Factorize ~~SCL~~ $(\text{---} \parallel \text{---}, Q(f(a)))$

\Rightarrow Resolve, Skip ~~SCL~~ $(Q(a) \stackrel{Q(a)}{\cdot}, N, \emptyset, 0, \neg Q(a))$

\Rightarrow Resolve, Skip ~~SCL~~ $(\epsilon, N, \emptyset, 0, \perp)$



Exercise 10.2;

$$E \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (1) f(a, g(a)) \approx f(b, g(b)), \\ (2) g(a) \approx h(c), \\ (3) h(d) \approx g(b), \\ (4) d \approx c, \\ (5) f(a, h(d)) \approx f(h(d), a), \\ (6) f(b, g(b)) \neq f(h(c), a) \end{array} \right.$$

(Only highlight the equations we changed/added by number)

~~first~~

~~E~~ First Flattening of E

~~CCF~~

$$\Rightarrow_{CCF} E \wedge \underbrace{(1) f(a, e_1) \approx f(b, g(b)) \wedge (2) e_1 \approx h(c) \wedge (7) g(a) \approx e_1}_{\text{now}} \\ \Rightarrow_{CCF} E_1 \wedge \underbrace{(1) f(a, e_1) \approx f(b, e_2) \wedge (3) h(d) \approx e_2 \wedge (8) g(b) \approx e_2}_{\text{now}} \\ \Rightarrow_{CCF} E_2 \wedge \underbrace{(1) e_3 \approx f(b, e_2) \wedge (9) f(a, e_1) \approx e_3}_{\text{now}} \\ \Rightarrow_{CCF} E_3 \wedge \underbrace{(3) e_4 \approx e_2 \wedge (5) f(a, e_4) \approx f(e_4, a) \wedge (10) h(d) \approx e_4}_{\text{now}}, \\ \Rightarrow_{CCF} E_4 \wedge \underbrace{(5) e_5 \approx f(e_4, a) \wedge (11) f(a, e_4) \approx e_5}_{\text{now}}$$

That means we get

$$E' = \{ (3) e_4 \approx e_2, (4) d \approx c \}$$

$$R_0 = \{ (1) f(b, e_2) \rightarrow e_3, (2) h(c) \rightarrow e_1, (3) f(e_4, a) \rightarrow e_5, \\ (4) g(a) \rightarrow e_1, (5) g(b) \rightarrow e_2, (6) f(a, e_1) \rightarrow e_3, \\ (7) h(d) \rightarrow e_4, (8) f(a, e_4) \rightarrow e_5 \}$$

As our ordering, we choose:

$$a > b > c > d > e_1 > e_2 > e_3 > e_4 > e_5$$

⚠ R_i is the set of rules after \Rightarrow_{CC} stops

- (E', R)
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Orient } (E', 3) \quad (\emptyset, R_0 \cup \{(3) e_4 \approx e_2\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Orient } (E', 4) \quad (\emptyset, R_1 \cup \{(10) c \rightarrow d\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Collapse } (R, 1, R, 9) \quad (\emptyset, (R_2 \setminus \{(1) f(b, e_2) \rightarrow e_3\}) \cup \{(11) f(b, e_4) \rightarrow e_3\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Collapse } (R, 2, R, 10) \quad (\emptyset, (R_3 \setminus \{(2) h(c) \rightarrow e_1\}) \cup \{(12) h(d) \rightarrow e_1\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Deduce } (R, 7, R, 12) \quad (\{(12) e_1 \approx e_4\}, R_4 \setminus \{(12) h(d) \rightarrow e_1\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Orient } (E', 12) \quad (\emptyset, R_5 \cup \{(13) e_1 \rightarrow e_4\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Collapse } (R, 6, R, 13) \quad (\emptyset, (R_6 \setminus \{(6) f(a, e_1) \rightarrow e_3\}) \cup \{(14) f(a, e_4) \rightarrow e_3\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Deduce } (R, 8, R, 14) \quad (\{(13) e_3 \approx e_5\}, R_7 \setminus \{(14) f(a, e_4) \rightarrow e_3\})$
 $\Rightarrow_{CC} \text{Orient } (E', 13) \quad (\emptyset, R_8 \cup \{(15) e_3 \rightarrow e_5\})$

$R = \{(3) f(e_4, a) \rightarrow e_5, (4) g(a) \rightarrow e_1, (5) g(b) \rightarrow e_2$
 $(7) h(d) \rightarrow e_4, (8) f(a, e_4) \rightarrow e_5, (9) e_2 \rightarrow e_4,$
 $(10) c \rightarrow d, (11) f(b, e_4) \rightarrow e_3, (13) e_1 \rightarrow e_4$
 $(15) e_3 \rightarrow e_5\}$

$f(b, g(b)) \not\rightarrow_R f(h(c), a) ?$

$f(b, g(b)) \xrightarrow{R^{(5)}} f(b, e_2) \xrightarrow{R^{(9)}} f(b, e_4) \xrightarrow{R^{(11)}} e_3 \xrightarrow{R^{(15)}} e_5$

$f(h(c), a) \xrightarrow{R^{(10)}} f(h(d), a) \xrightarrow{R^{(7)}} f(e_4, a) \xrightarrow{R^{(13)}} e_5$

$\Rightarrow f(b, g(b)) \downarrow_R = f(h(c), a) \downarrow_R$

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\Rightarrow The conjunction is unsat.

Exercise 10.3

$$\underline{f(x_1, 0)} \geq x_3 \wedge \underline{f(x_2, 0)} \leq x_3 \wedge x_1 \approx x_2 \wedge x_3 - \underline{f(x_1, 0)} \geq 1$$

Purified to

$$(x_5 \geq x_3) \wedge (x_6 \leq x_3) \wedge (x_1 \approx x_2) \wedge (x_3 - x_5 \geq 1) \wedge$$

$$(x_4 \approx 0) \wedge (x_5 \approx f(x_1, x_4)) \wedge x_6 \approx f(x_2, x_4)$$

$$N_1 = \{ \overset{\textcircled{1}}{x_5 \geq x_3}, \overset{\textcircled{2}}{x_6 \leq x_3}, \overset{\textcircled{1}}{x_1 \approx x_2}, x_3 - x_5 \geq 1, x_4 \approx 0 \}$$

$$N_2 = \{ x_1 \approx x_2, x_5 \approx f(x_1, x_4), x_6 \approx f(x_2, x_4) \}$$

$$(N_1; \emptyset; N_2; \emptyset; \perp)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underset{NO}{\text{fail}} (N_1; \emptyset; N_2; \emptyset; \text{fail})$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} \overset{\textcircled{1}}{x_5 \geq x_3 \geq 1 + x_5} \vdash_{LA} \\ \cancel{x_5 \geq x_3 \geq 1 + x_5} \\ \Rightarrow N_1 \vdash_{LA} \perp \end{array} \right.$$

For N_2 we would have ~~gotter~~ derived:

$$\{x_5 \approx x_6\}$$